## In the Claims

1. (Previously Presented) A method of centering a subject in a medical imaging device comprising the steps of:

positioning a subject in a scanning bay;

determining a center of mass of the subject from at least one scout scan and an elevational profile of the subject;

comparing [[a]] the center of mass of the subject to a reference point; and repositioning the subject in the scanning bay to reduce a difference in position between the center of mass of the subject and the reference point.

- 2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of determining a distance of the center of mass of the subject from an isocenter of a radiographic energy fan beam.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of determining an x-direction and a y-direction centering error of the subject relative to the reference point.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the reference point includes one of a center of the medical imaging device and a center of a bore of the medical imaging device.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of automatically performing the steps of positioning, comparing, and repositioning.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of repositioning includes adjusting an elevation of the subject within the scanning bay.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of performing at least one scout scan of the subject.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7 further comprising the step of acquiring an elevational profile of the subject.

9. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein the at least one scout scan includes at least one of a lateral scout scan and an anterior-posterior (AP) scout scan.

- 10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of automatically aligning the center of mass of the subject with an isocenter of a radiographic energy fan beam.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of determining an adjusted projection area (PA) from a position of the center of mass of the subject after repositioning.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of adjusting a tube current modulation of the medical imaging device based on at least the repositioning of the subject.

## 13. (Canceled)

- 14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of determining the elevational profile of the subject from feedback received from a sensor assembly disposed proximate the scanning bay.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A computer readable storage medium having stored thereon a computer program representing a set of instructions, which when executed by at least one processor, causes the at least one processor to:

determine a centroid of a subject;

determine a value of mis-centering of the centroid of the subject within a medical imaging device; and

adjust a position of the subject within the imaging device to compensate for the value of mis-centering;

wherein the at least one processor is further caused to determine the centroid of the subject from at least one of:

at least two scout scans; and

at least one scout scan and an elevational profile of the subject.

16. (Previously Presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 15 wherein the at least one processor is further caused to determine a distance of the centroid from an isocenter.

## 17. (Canceled)

- 18. (Previously Presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 17 wherein the at least two scout scans includes at least one lateral scout scan and at least one anterior-posterior (AP) scout scan and the at least one scout scan includes at least one of a lateral scout scan and an AP scout scan.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 15 wherein the at least one processor is further caused to determine a distance of the centroid from an isocenter and geometrically determine an x-direction and y-direction centering error of the subject relative to a reference position.
- 20. (Original) The computer readable storage medium of claim 19 wherein the reference position defines a properly centered subject.
- 21. (Original) The computer readable storage medium of claim 15 wherein the at least one processor is further programmed to adjust an elevation of the subject within the imaging device based on the value of mis-centering.
  - 22. (Currently Amended) A method of medical imaging comprising the steps of: positioning a subject in a medical imaging device; determining a relative position of a centroid of the subject;

performing at least one scout scan from which to determine the centroid of the subject;

determining a value of mis-elevation of the subject from the relative position of the centroid of the subject; and

automatically adjusting an elevation of the subject to reduce the value of miselevation.

23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22 further comprising the step of receiving feedback as to an elevation of the subject from a sensor assembly proximate to the medical imaging device.

- 24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22 further comprising the step of adjusting the elevation of the subject according to a difference between an actual elevation of the subject and a desired elevation of the subject.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22 further comprising the step of adjusting a lateral position of the subject within the medical imaging device.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22 further comprising the step of adjusting at least one of position of the subject, a projection area (PA), and a tube current modulation of the medical imaging device to compensate for misalignment between the centroid of the subject and an isocenter.

27. (Currently Amended) A tomographic system comprising:

a rotatable gantry having a bore centrally disposed therein;

a table movable within the bore and configured to position a subject for tomographic data acquisition within the bore;

a high frequency electromagnetic energy projection source positioned within the rotatable gantry and configured to project high frequency electromagnetic energy toward the subject;

a detector array disposed within the rotatable gantry and configured to detect high frequency electromagnetic energy projected by the projection source and impinged on the subject; and

a computer programmed to:

determine a centroid of the subject; and

adjust an elevation of the subject to align the centroid with a reference position;

wherein the computer is further programmed to perform at least one scout scan from which to determine the centroid of the subject.

## 28. (Canceled)

29. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 27 wherein the computer is further programmed to determine an adjusted projection area (PA) according to the adjusted elevation of the subject.